

# QtQuick Training Course



## Module Two

# Objectives

## 1 Positioning elements

Absolute positioning

Relative positioning

Anchors

## 2 Making things move

How to create States

Set Transitions and Animations

All kinds of easings and animations

# Objectives

## 3 QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

Declarative and imperative together

Creating javascript functions in a QtQuick file

Importing a javascript file

Component Oriented Programming in QtQuick

# Topics

- 1 Positioning elements
- 2 Making things move
- 3 QtQuick and Javascript are good friends
- 4 Questions
- 5 Lab

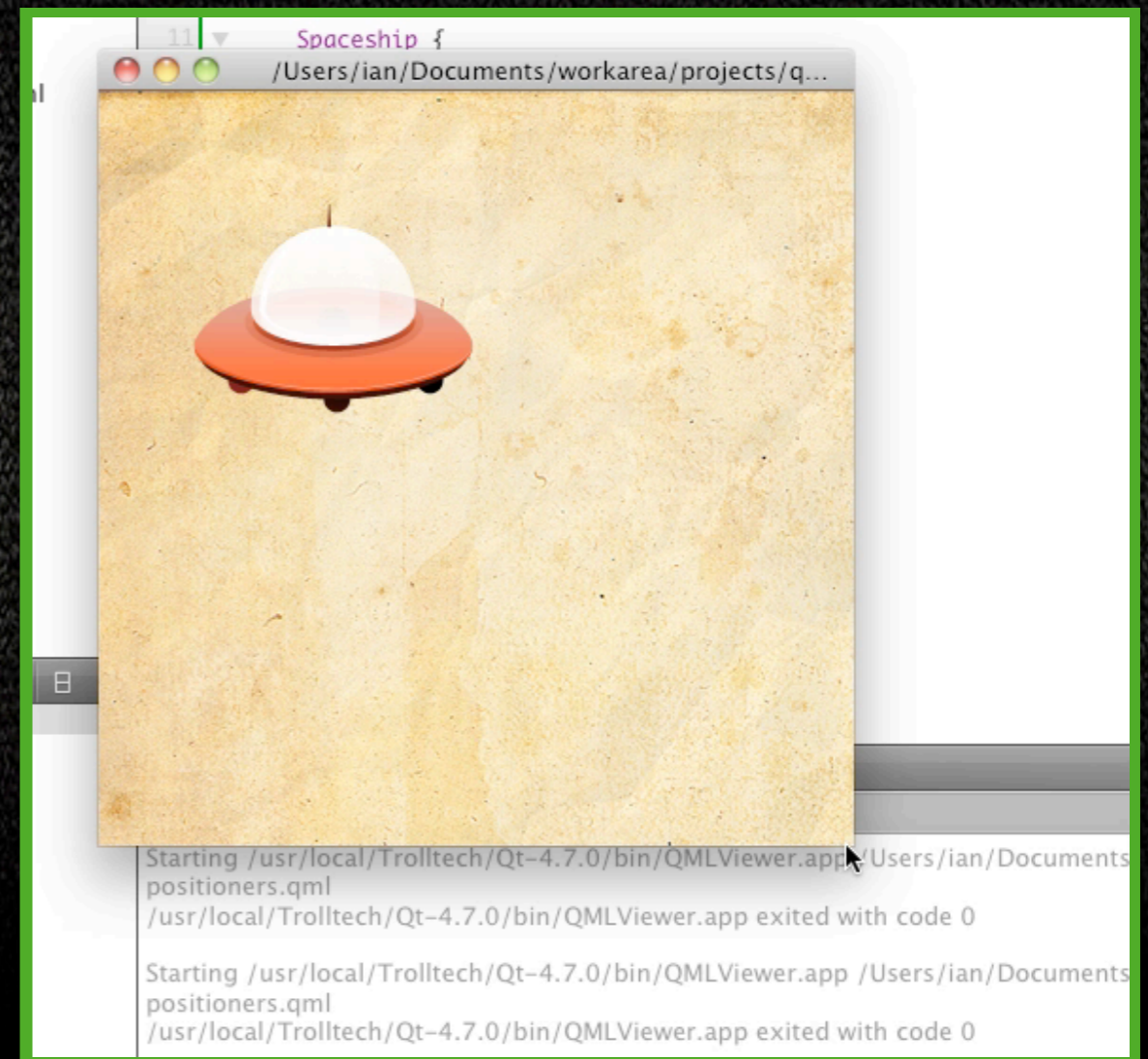
## Positioning elements

# Absolute positioning

Define the item's position and size relative to its parent

x, y, width and height

```
Item {  
    width: 400  
    height: 400  
  
    Image {  
        source: "images/background.png"  
    }  
  
    Spaceship {  
        id: spaceship  
        x: 50  
        y: 60  
    }  
}
```



See video: [addon/module-002/videos/basic-positioners.mov](#)

See example: [addon/module-002/examples/basic-positioners.qml](#)

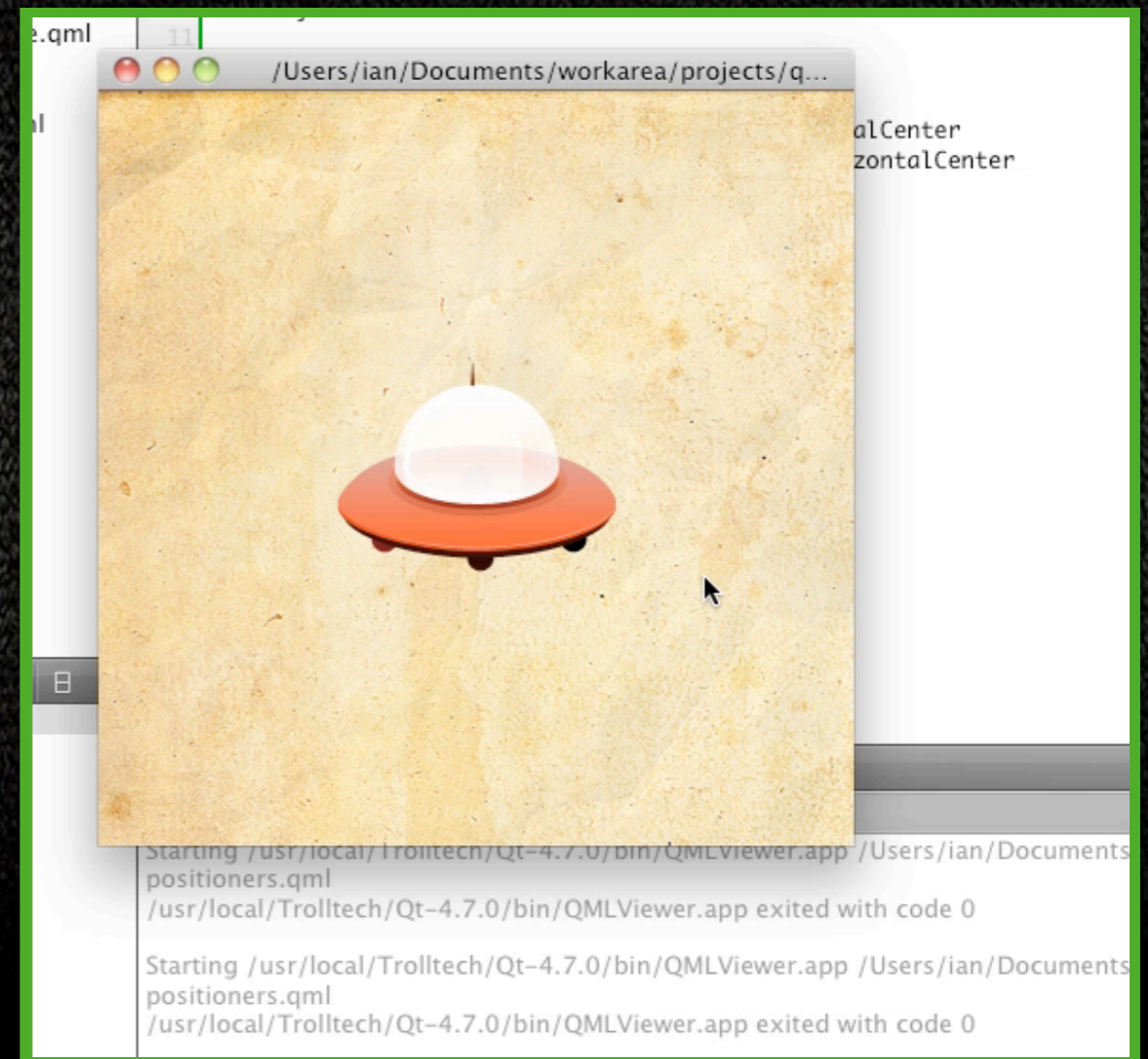
## Positioning elements

# Relative positioning

anchors provide a way to position an item by specifying its relationship with other items

### anchors

```
Item {  
    width: 400  
    height: 400  
  
    Image {  
        anchors.fill: parent  
        source: "images/background.png"  
    }  
  
    Spaceship {  
        id: spaceship  
        anchors.verticalCenter: parent.verticalCenter  
        anchors.horizontalCenter: parent.horizontalCenter  
    }  
}
```



See video: [addon/module-002/videos/anchors-positioners.mov](#)

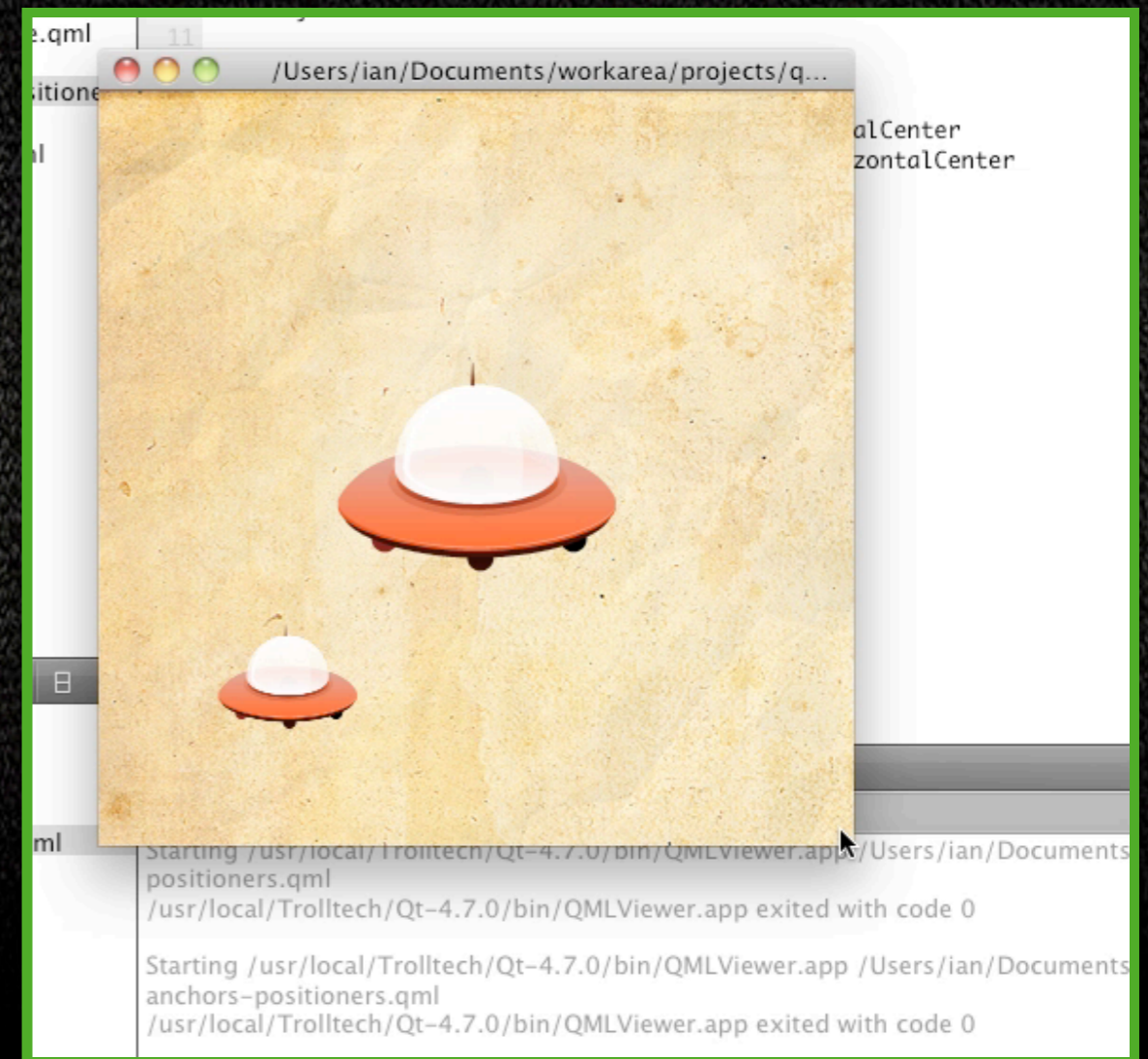
See example: [addon/module-002/examples/anchors-positioners.qml](#)

# More about anchors

There are many ways to specify how an item is related to another

`anchors.right`, `anchors.rightMargin` ...

```
Item {
    width: 400
    height: 400
    ...
    Spaceship {
        id: spaceship
        anchors.verticalCenter: parent.verticalCenter
        anchors.horizontalCenter: parent.horizontalCenter
    }
    Spaceship {
        anchors.top: spaceship.bottom
        anchors.right: spaceship.right
        anchors.rightMargin: 100
    }
}
```



See video: [addon/module-002/videos/more-anchors.mov](#)

See example: [addon/module-002/examples/more-anchors-positioners.qml](#)

# Topics

1 Positioning elements

2 Making things move

3 QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

4 Questions

5 Lab



Making things move

# How to create States

The State element defines configurations of objects and properties.

```
Item {
  id: myItem
  width: 400
  height: 400

  Image {
    id: spaceship
    source: "images/spaceship.png"
    x: 10
    y: 50
  }

  states: [
    State {
      name: "leftXMove"
      PropertyChanges {
        target: spaceship
        x: 200
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

Making things move

# How to create States

You can create as many states as you need for an object

```
...
states: [
  State {
    name: "leftXMove"
    PropertyChanges {
      target: "spaceship"
      x: 200
    }
  },
  State {
    name: "downYMove"
    PropertyChanges {
      target: "spaceship"
      y: 90
    }
  }
]
}
...
```

All properties not expressed will be the same as the base state

## Making things move

# The purpose of creating States

It is easy to change from one state to another

```
Image {  
  id: button; source: "images/button.png"  
  y: 50; x: 10  
  MouseArea {  
    anchors.fill: parent; onClicked: myItem.state = 'leftXMove'  
  }  
}
```

Executing a function to set a different state string name

or

```
Image {  
  id: button; source: "images/button.png"  
  y: 50; x: 10  
  MouseArea {  
    id: mouseArea; anchors.fill: parent  
  }  
}  
states: State {  
  name: "leftXMove"; when: mouseArea.clicked  
  PropertyChanges { target: myItem; x: 200 }  
}
```

Using “when” method. It will change the property but inside the state element

Making things move

# The purpose of creating States

This is the result ...



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/spaceship-no-motion.mov>

Making things move

# The purpose of creating States

... but this one is much more interesting



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/spaceship-motion.mov>

## Making things move

# Animating from one State to another

You just need to add a transition element to animate between states

```
...
transitions: [
  Transition {
    from: "";
    to: "leftXMove"
    NumberAnimation {
      properties: "x, y";
      duration: 500;
      easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;
    }
  }
]
...
```

The first state is an empty string by default

See example: [addon/module-002/examples/animation-example.qml](#)

Making things move

# Main transition and animation elements

## **from and to**

the element's initial and final state string

## **target**

the animated element's id

## **properties**

the property that you want to change during the animation. This can be an array of properties

## **easing.type**

choose an easing curve to add a specific effect to your animation

To know more about different animation elements:  
<http://doc.qt.nokia.com/4.7/qdeclarativeelements.html>

Making things move

# Animation types

There are many ways to achieve your needs

NumberAnimation

ParallelAnimation

SequentialAnimation

PauseAnimation

RotationAnimation

To know more about different animation types:  
<http://doc.qt.nokia.com/4.7/qdeclarativeelements.html>



Making things move

# NumberAnimation

This allows you to animate changes in a real number type property

```
...  
NumberAnimation {  
  properties: "x, y";  
  duration: 500;  
  easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;  
}  
...
```

This is the basic animation element. Most animations are about changing numbers.

Making things move

# Parallel and Sequential

You can animate specific properties in a specific order

## ParallelAnimation

```
ParallelAnimation {  
  NumberAnimation {  
    target: myRect  
    properties: "x";  
    duration: 500;  
    easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;  
  }  
  
  NumberAnimation {  
    target: myRect  
    properties: "y";  
    duration: 500;  
    easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;  
  }  
}
```

## SequentialAnimation

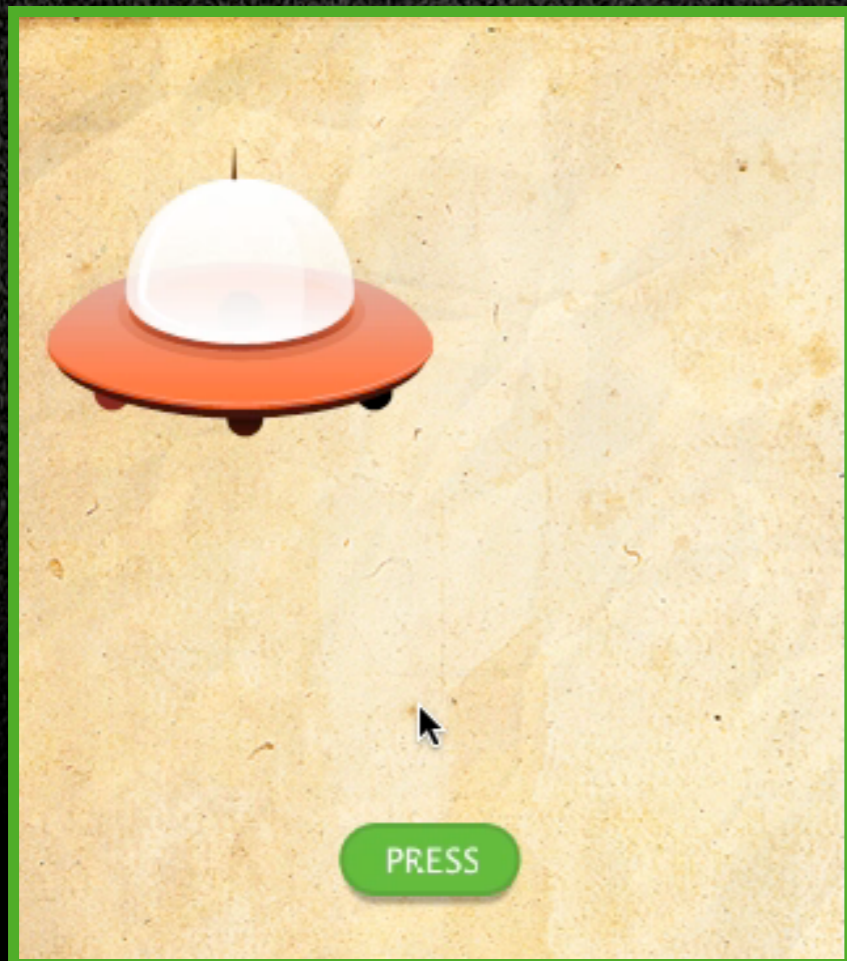
```
SequentialAnimation {  
  NumberAnimation {  
    target: myRect  
    properties: "x";  
    duration: 500;  
    easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;  
  }  
  
  NumberAnimation {  
    target: myRect  
    properties: "y";  
    duration: 500;  
    easing.type: Easing.OutExpo;  
  }  
}
```

Making things move

# Parallel and Sequential

You can animate specific properties in a specific order

ParallelAnimation



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/parallel.mov>

SequentialAnimation



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/sequential.mov>

# Other animation elements

The `RotationAnimation` allows you to add specific rotation properties to your animation

```
states: {
  State {
    name: "180";
    PropertyChanges { target: myItem; rotation: 180 }
  }
  State {
    name: "-90";
    PropertyChanges { target: myItem; rotation: -90 }
  }
}
transition: Transition {
  RotationAnimation {
    direction: RotationAnimation.Shortest
  }
}
```

Making things move

# Other animation elements

The PauseAnimation allows you to add delays in your animation

```
PauseAnimation {  
  target: myRect  
  duration: 100  
}
```

## Animating with behavior

```
Rectangle {  
  width: 20; height: 20; color: "#00ff00"  
  y: 200  
  Behavior on y {  
    NumberAnimation {  
      easing.type: Easing.OutBounce  
      duration: 200  
    }  
  }  
}
```

# Topics

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QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Declarative and Imperative together

Qt Quick lists elements with properties, and JavaScript allows you to express more complex behavior than static values

```
Item {  
  id: label1  
  x: 80  
  width: 100  
  height: 100  
  
  Image {  
    source: {  
      if(pressed) {  
        return "img2.png";  
      } else {  
        return "img1.png";  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Javascript function inside QtQuick

You can add a javascript function anywhere in your QtQuick file

```
function randomState()
{
    var statesArray = ["topLeft", "topRight", "bottomLeft", "bottomRight"];
    var randomNumber = Math.floor(Math.random()*statesArray.length);
    return statesArray[randomNumber];
}
```

This is a simple function that picks a number and references it in an array of states

See example: [addon/module-002/examples/javascript-example.qml](#)



QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Javascript function inside QtQuick

This is the result after adding this function to the previous example



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/javascript.mov>

See file reference: <addon/module-002/examples/javascript-example.qml>

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Importing a javascript file

If you want to organize your code, you can import a js file to QtQuick

```
import QtQuick 1.0
import "random.js" as RandomFunction

Item {
    id: myItem
    width: 400

    ...

    MouseArea {
        anchors.fill: parent
        onClicked: {
            myItem.state = RandomFunction.randomState();
        }
    }
}
```

See example: <addon/module-002/examples/importing-javascript.qml>

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Component Programming in QtQuick

It's a good idea to recycle your code and create components for elements that can be reused. An example? A button!

```
Image {
    id: button
    source: "images/button.png"

    property string labelText

    Text {
        id: label
        text: labelText
        color: "white"
        anchors.horizontalCenter: parent.horizontalCenter
        anchors.top: parent.top
        anchors.topMargin: 6
    }
}
```

Button.qml

See example: <addon/module-002/examples/reusing-button.qml>

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Component Programming in QtQuick

Now there is a reusable button layout, but some improvements are needed. The onClicked mouse event needs to be inside Button.qml

```
...                                     reusing-button.qml
Button {
  id: button
  labelText: "PRESS"
  anchors.horizontalCenter: myItem.horizontalCenter
  anchors.bottom: myItem.bottom
  anchors.bottomMargin: 20

  MouseArea {
    anchors.fill: parent
    onClicked: {myItem.state = RandomFunction.randomState();}
  }
}
...
```

See example: <addon/module-002/examples/reusing-button.qml>

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Component Programming in QtQuick

There are default properties in QtQuick that allows you to have communication between classes

```
Image {                                     Button.qml
  id: button
  source: "images/button.png"

  property string labelText
  signal buttonClicked

  Text {
    id: label
    text: labelText
    color: "white"
    anchors.horizontalCenter: parent.horizontalCenter
    anchors.top: parent.top
    anchors.topMargin: 6
  }
}
```

These properties are declared in the beginning of the file

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Component Programming in QtQuick

When the button is clicked a signal is emitted. Now, all you need to do is interpret it

```
Image {  
  id: button  
  source: "images/button.png"  
  
  property string labelText  
  signal buttonClicked  
  
  ...  
  MouseArea {  
    anchors.fill: parent  
    onClicked: {  
      button.buttonClicked();  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Button.qml

QtQuick and Javascript are good friends

# Component Programming in QtQuick

The MouseArea control is now inside the Button class and a function is executed when the signal is emitted

```
... reusing-button.qml
Button {
  id: button
  labelText: "PRESS"
  anchors.horizontalCenter: myItem.horizontalCenter
  anchors.bottom: myItem.bottom
  anchors.bottomMargin: 20

  onClicked {
    myItem.state = RandomFunction.randomState();
  }
}
...
```

See example: <addon/module-002/examples/reusing-button.qml>

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## Questions

How do you create animations between states?

What is the difference between Sequential and Parallel Animations?

What happens if I don't declare the **from** and **to** transition properties?

How do I create a javascript function inside a QtQuick file?

How do I execute a function in QtQuick from an imported js file?

Is it possible to reuse code in QtQuick?

What is a signal?

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## Lab

Spaceship attack! Reproduce the movement below



See video: <addon/module-002/videos/spaceship-attack.mov>

Optional: The spaceships must be a component file

See lab: <addon/module-002/labs/lab-animation/labTwo.qmlproject>

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